North Carolina Sterilization Statute

August 1963

Board, directing him to proceed with the operation as provided in this article. Said order shall contain the name of the specific operation which is to be performed and the date when said operation is to be performed.

If the Board disapproves the petition, the case may not be brought up again except on the request of the inmate, patient, or individual resident, or his guardian, or one or more of his next of kin, husband, wife, father, mother, brother, or sister, until one year has elapsed.

Nothing in this article shall be construed to empower or authorize the Board to interfere in any manner with the right of the patient, inmate, or individual resident, or his guardian or next of kin to select a competent physician of his own choice for consultation or operation at his own expense. (1933,c.224, s.11.)

35-47. Orders may be sent parties by registered mail; consenting to operation. Any order granting the prayer of the petition, in whole or in part, may be delivered to the petitioner by registered mail, return receipt demanded, to all parties in the case, including the legal guardian, the solicitor and the next of kin of the inmate, patient, or individual resident. It shall be the duty of the said guardian, the solicitor and the next of kin to protect, by such measures as may seem to them in their sole discretion sufficient and appropriate, the rights and best interests of the said inmate, patient or individual resident.

If the inmate, patient, or individual resident, or the next of kin, legal guardian, solicitor of the county, and guardian appointed as herein provided, after the said hearing but not before, shall consent in writing to the operation as ordered by the Board, such operation shall take place at such time as the said prosecutor petitioning shall designate. (1933,c.224,s.12.)

35-48. Right of appeal to superior court. If it appears to the inmate, patient, or individual resident, or to his or her representative, guardian, parent or next of kin, or to the solicitor, that the proceedings taken are not in accordance with law, or that the reasons given for asexualization or sterilization are not adequate or well founded, or for any other reason the order is not legal, or is not legal as applied to this inmate, patient or individual resident, he or she may within fifteen days from the date of such order have an appeal of right to the superior court of the county in which said inmate or patient resided prior to admission to the institution, or the county in which the non-institutional individual resides. This appeal may be taken by giving notice in writing to any member of the Board and to the other parties to the proceeding, including the doctor who is designated to perform the said operation. Upon the giving of this notice the petitioner